SOLAR PAYBACK - TRAIN-THE-TRAINER SOLAR HEAT FOR INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES

Tendering and Commissioning of SHIP



Fanny Hübner, M.Sc.

Pedro Horta, Ph.D.

Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems ISE

SPB Train-the-Trainer Workshop Mexico/Online, 2-5 Nov 2020

www.ise.fraunhofer.de



Tendering and Commissioning – Technical Focus

- Tendering
 - Objectives
 - Content
- Commissioning
 - Objectives
 - **Procedures**



- Tendering
 - Objectives
 - Content
- Commissioning
 - Objectives
 - Procedure



Objectives

- Clear definition of service/product requirements
- Establishment of a clear framework for offer assessment and comparison
- Requirements:
 - Be objective and define clearly the scope of services to be offered
 - Clarify the questions/doubts suppliers might have
 - Leave no space for misunderstandings
 - Establish clearly the format and contents of the offers
 - Establish a clear framework for offer assessment and ranking
 - Assure reliability / quality of suppliers



- The contents of a Call for Tenders depend on the scope of services procured
- General structure :
 - Introduction: Identification of the customer and general objectives and framework of the Call
 - Technical Description: objectives, identification of the interface, identification of the scope of supply, identification of all relevant technical constraints and requirements
 - Description of items: technical description of all the items to be include in the proposal (component and/or service related technical characteristics, conformity/standardization criteria, dimensioning, material properties/specification, reference component / service when allowed)
 - Testing procedure during commissioning
 - List of items and map of quantities
 - Supplier access conditions
 - List of documentation/information to be included in the offer



- Based on internal / external engineering
 - **Internal engineering**: the customer already has an engineered solution, described in the tender / the supplier only has to offer specific components / services (E.g.: purchase of a 100 m2 solar field)
 - **External engineering**: the customer only has a definition of the requirements / the supplier has to provide a technical solution (including engineering) as well the components / services enabling its implementation (E.g.: purchase of a solar system suitable for water pre-heating for a 5 ton/h boiler)



Content - Interface

- The definition of the interface for the scope of supply is paramount for a due definition of customer / supplier responsibilities
- To be defined:
 - Technology (e.g. connection of components),
 - Concept (on a design layout)
 - Material (connection and/or interface accessories)
 - Responsibilities of suppliers and 3rd persons
 - Precise description of existing facilities / equipment
 - Environmental conditions (e.g. corrosivity)
 - Objectives to be achieved with purchase of services, and expected impacts



Content - Ranking / Selection

- Ranking criteria:
 - Transparency of the assessment process and guides suppliers in the proposal preparation
 - Clears assessment procedures and avoids post-ranking/supplier selection conflicts
 - Might be constrained by regulations (e.g. public procurement)
- Possible criteria
 - Price, warranty, supplier track record, quality of the proposed technical solution
 - Criteria shall be weighted according to the customer preferences / priorities



- Tendering
 - Objectives
 - Content
- Commissioning
 - Objectives
 - Procedure



Commissioning

Objectives

- The commissioning procedures aims at ensuring the quality and conformity of the delivered goods and services:
 - Test of performance of critical components (e.g. control of solar field performance, heat exchangers, storage heat losses)
 - Test of correct operation of the equipment and/or system (different operation modes: normal / safety / maintenance, etc)
 - Confirmation of the supplied services / goods compliance with the planned layout and with all the applicable regulations / standards (quantities, design, component location)



Commissioning

Procedure

- Besides documentation related checks, the procedure might include:
 - Test-Lab measurement of collector
 - Solar field performance (in-situ) :
 - measurement of HTF flow
 - inlet and outlet temperatures and available solar radiation
 - Calculating the solar field performance and
 - → Comparing with solar collector efficiency curve
 - HX performance:
 - measurement of hot and cold stream massflow and
 - inlet / outlet temperatures
 - enabling the calculation of HX effectivity and comparison with equipment specifications



Commissioning

Procedure

- Heat store
 - Quality of insulation by measurement of heat drop during some hours (e.g. over night)
- Control system:
 - test of relevant operation conditions including solar field stagnation,
 - 3-way valve operation,
 - Mass flow control after controlled variation of control variables (temperatures, pressures, etc)
 - Tracking system (including collector geometry)
- Safety:
 - control of safety valves
 - Max pressure test
 - Max temperature test



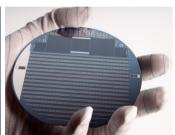
Thank you for your Attention!













Fraunhofer Institute for Solar Energy Systems ISE

Fanny Hübner

Dr. Pedro Horta

www.ise.fraunhofer.de

fanny.huebner@ise.fraunhofer.de

